

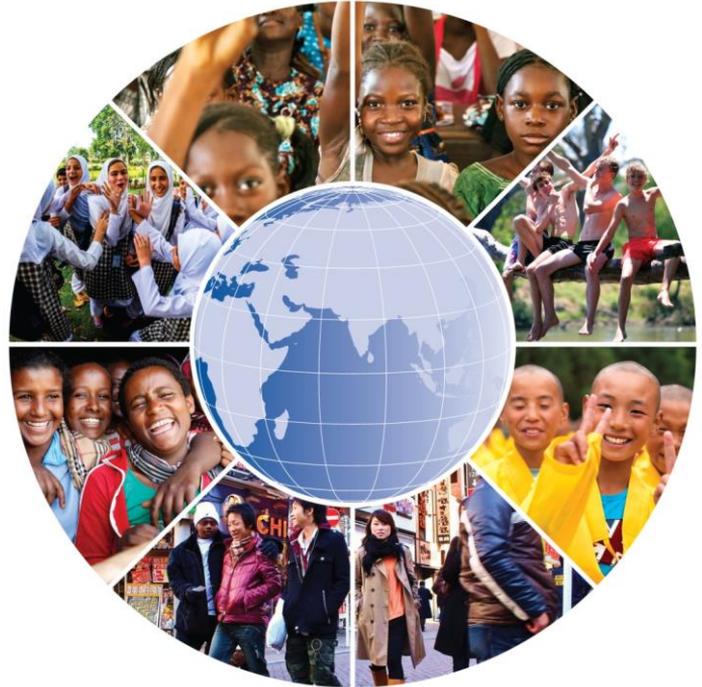
Why Focus on Adolescent Health and Wellbeing?

Our future: a *Lancet* Commission
on adolescent health and wellbeing

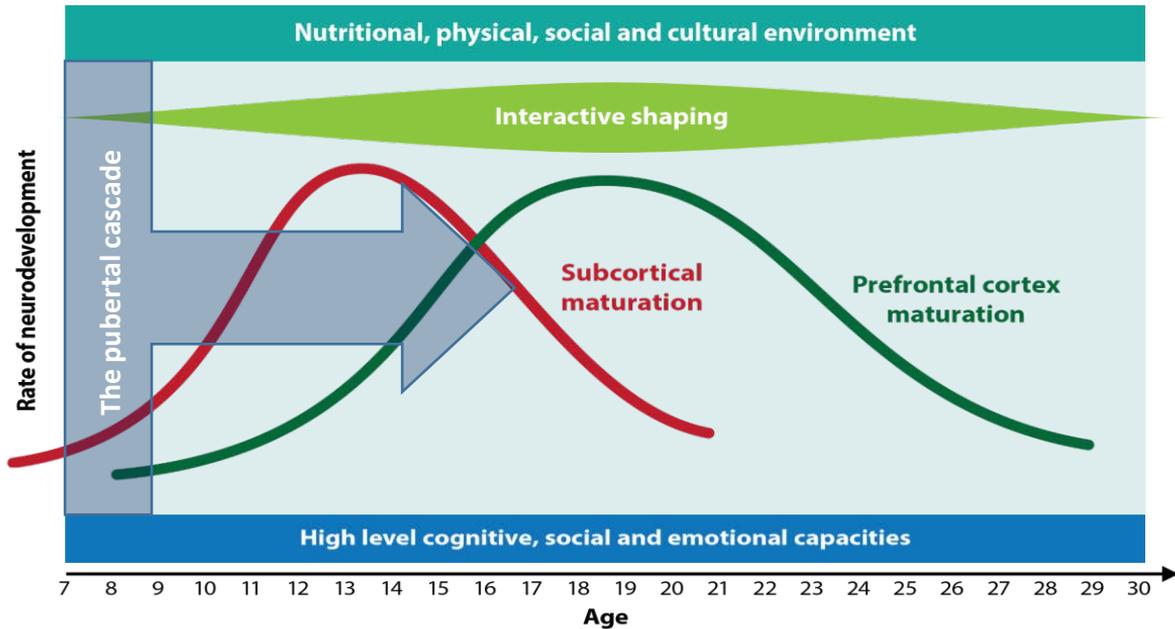
George Patton
University of Melbourne

Before the First 1000 Days
Spring Webinar
7th September 2016

Potential, Opportunity & Challenge

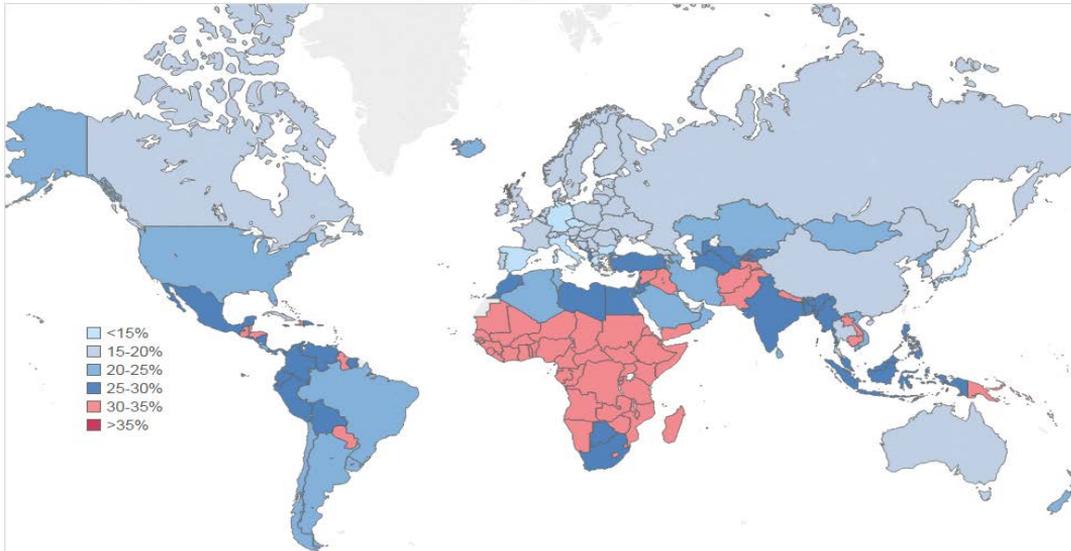


Late childhood and adolescent neurodevelopment



The largest generation in human history.....

Percentage of the total population aged 10-24 years in 2013



THE LANCET

Our future: a *Lancet* Commission on adolescent health and wellbeing

THE LANCET

Our future: a *Lancet* Commission on adolescent health and wellbeing



EVERY WOMAN
EVERY CHILD

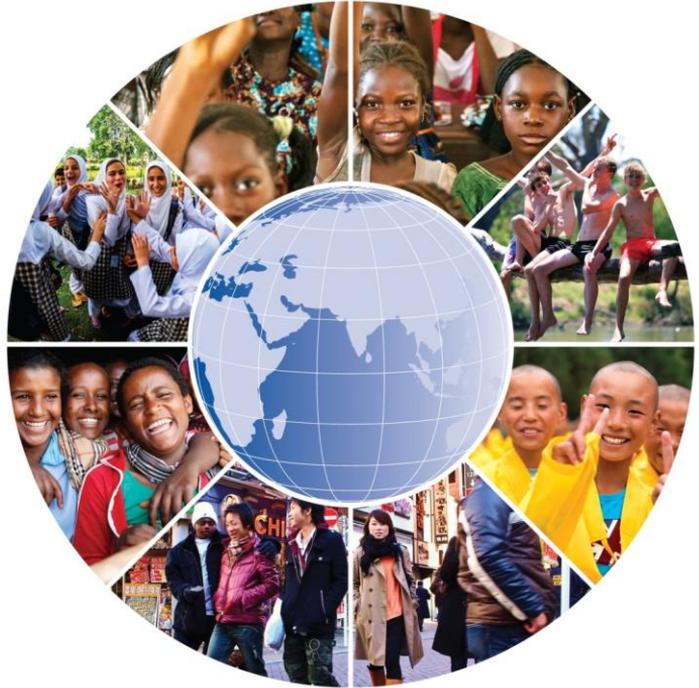
THE GLOBAL STRATEGY FOR WOMEN'S, CHILDREN'S AND ADOLESCENTS' HEALTH (2016-2030)

SURVIVE // THRIVE // TRANSFORM

“Young people are the world’s greatest untapped resource.”

UN Secretary-General

Recommendations



Key Recommendations

1. Reframe adolescent health
2. Match action to need
3. Universal health coverage
4. Intersectoral action
5. Engaging and empowering youth
6. Grow knowledge and capacity

A Broader Lens

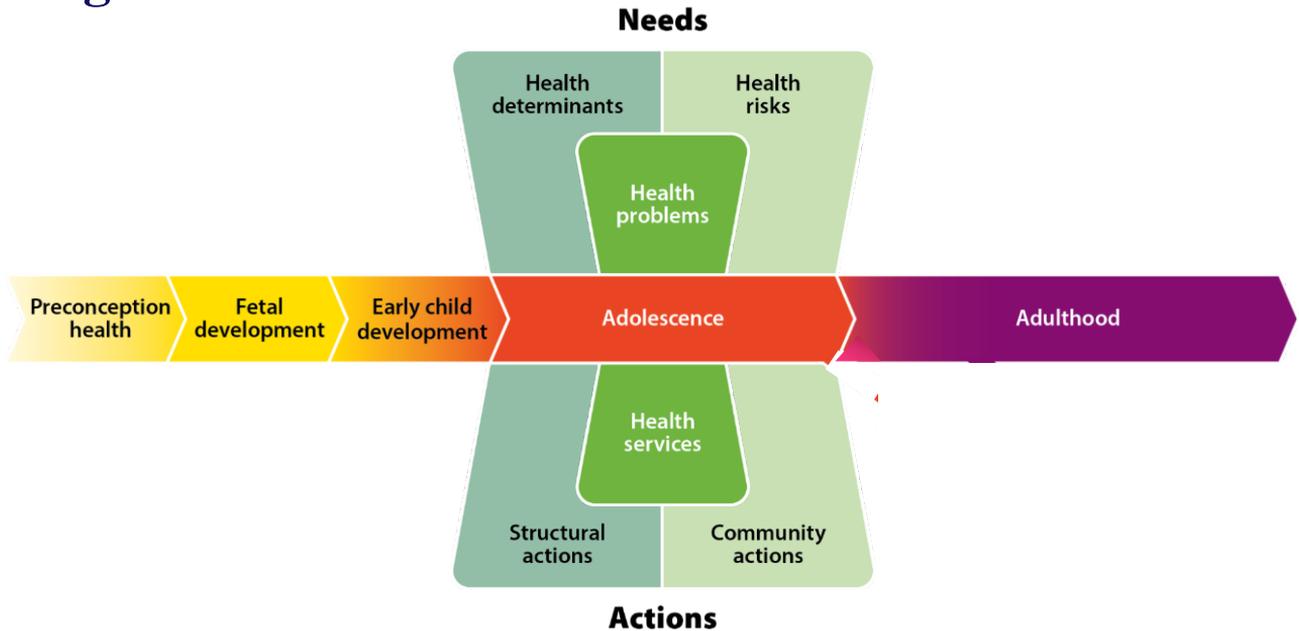
Global adolescent health today



Adolescent health needs



Longer and Broader Still





Profiling health needs

Diseases of poverty

Infectious and vaccine preventable diseases

Undernutrition

HIV

Sexual and reproductive health

Injuries

Unintentional injuries

Violence

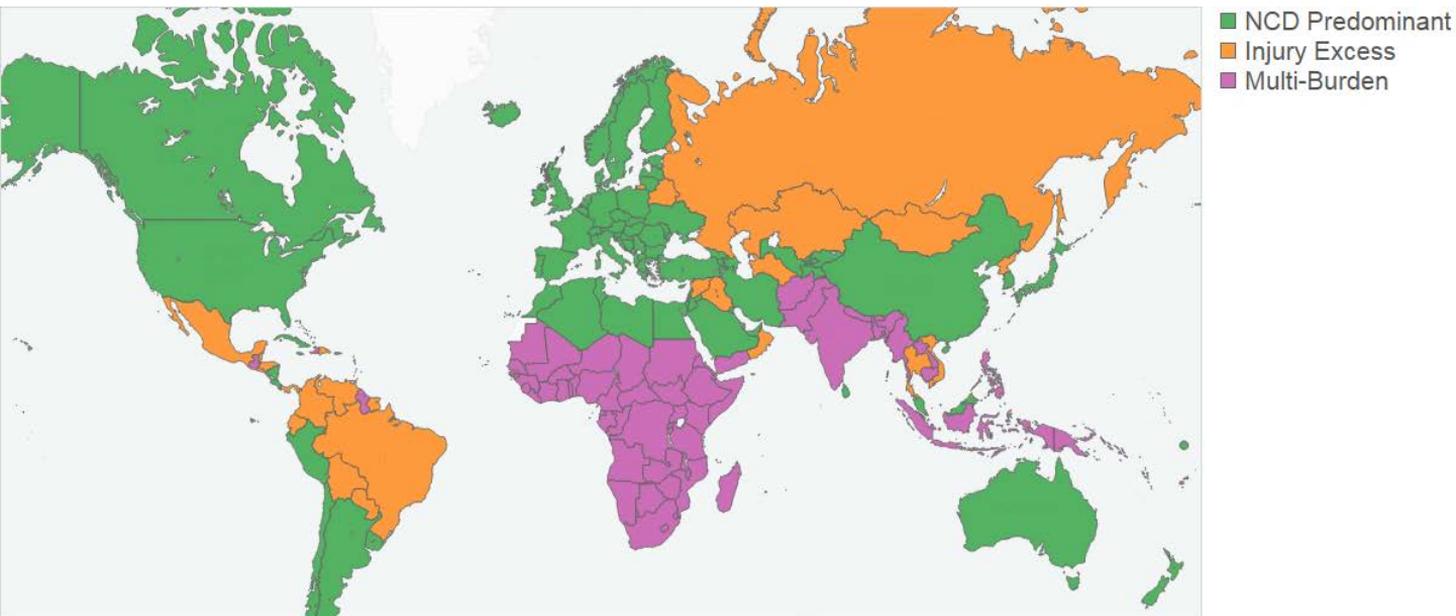
Non-communicable diseases

Physical disorders

Mental disorders

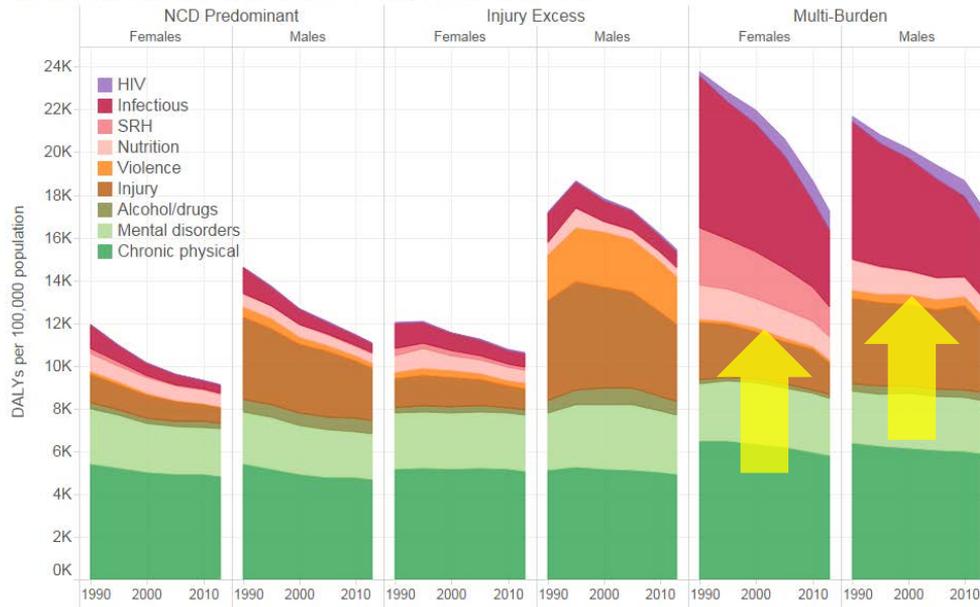
Substance use disorders

Global health profile of 10- to 24-year-olds

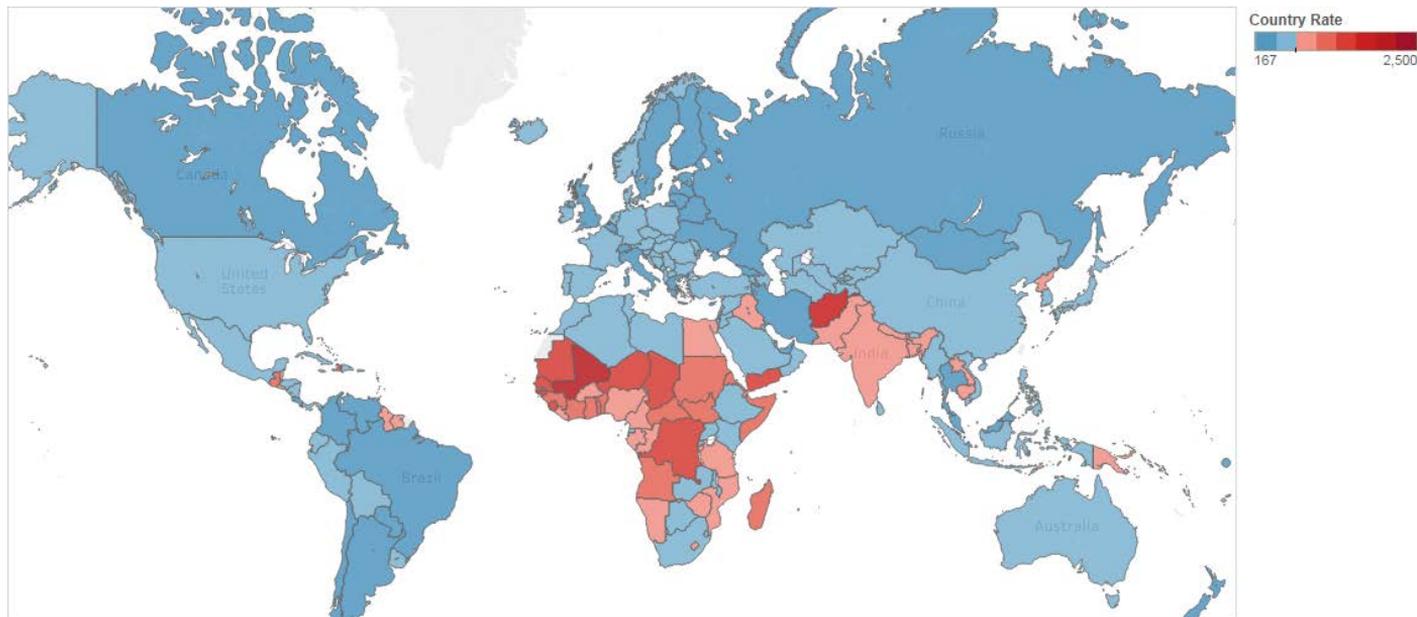


Disease burden by country groups 1990-2013

Change in DALY rate by cause and sex in 10-24 year old from 1990-2013

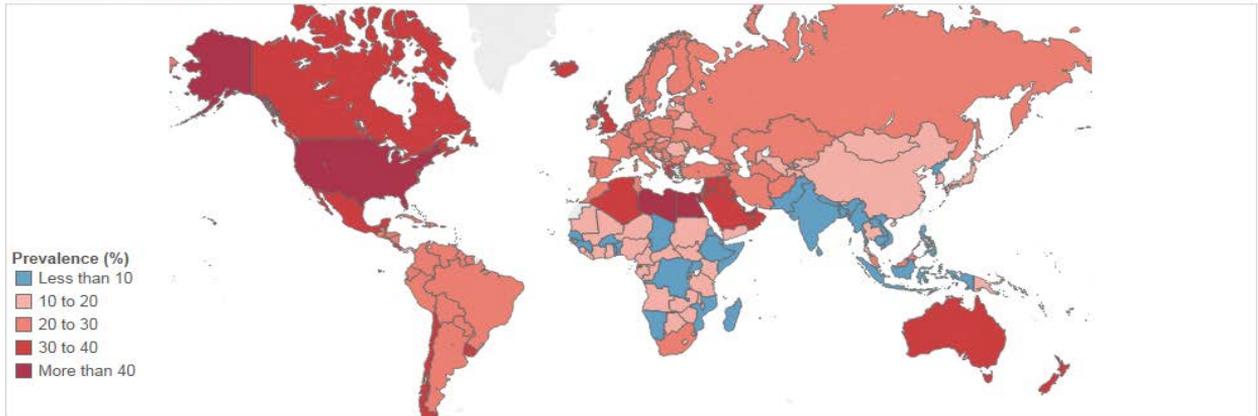


Undernutrition DALYs in 10-24 year olds in 2013

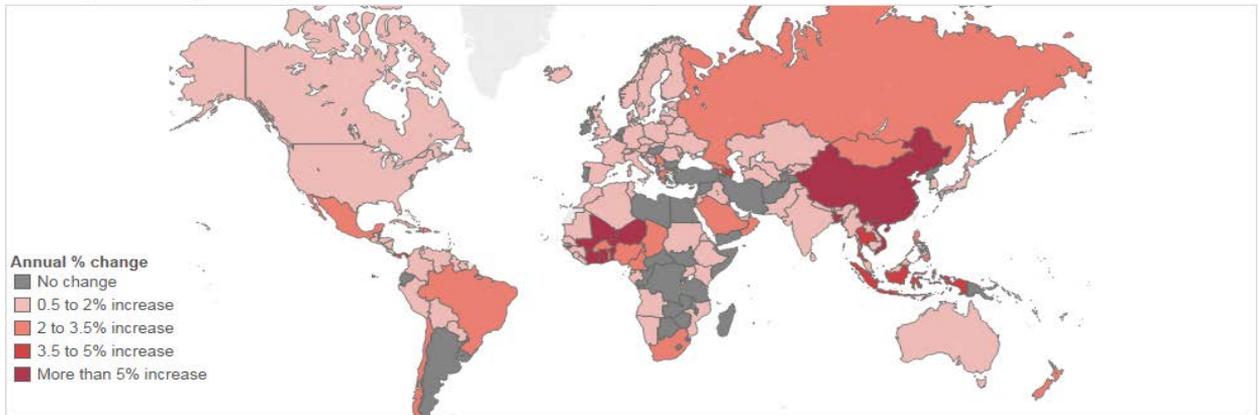


Overweight and obesity change since 1990

Prevalence in 2013



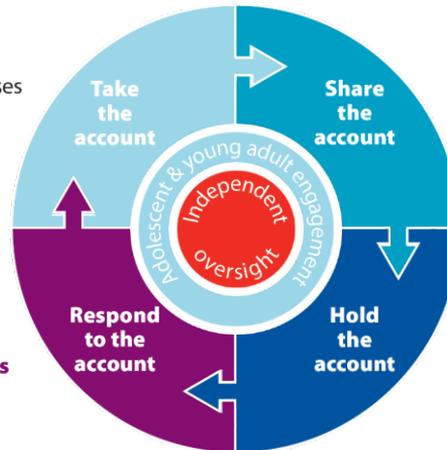
Annual percentage change from 1990 to 2013



Knowledge & Capacity for Accountability

Assessment

Health status
Policy and service responses
Financial investments



Health actions

Structural
Community
Health services

Communication

Government sectors
Young people's organisations
Young people, families and communities
Funders and international agencies

Governance

Political incentives
Economic incentives
Legal processes