TECHNICAL MEETING ON THE DIET AND EATING PRACTICES OF ADOLESCENT GIRLS AND WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE







OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES

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March 16–17, 2015











Objective #1

 Review insights and lessons learned from the two discussion papers



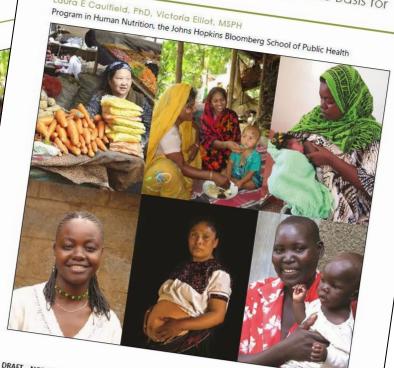






Nutrition of Adolescent Girls and Women of Reproductive Age in Low and Middle Income Countries: Current Context and Scientific Basis for Moving Forward

Laura E Caulfield, PhD, Victoria Elliot, MSPH



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Objective #2 • Identical characters is such key of the control of

Identify characteristics and issues related to key diet and eating practices for strengthening policies and programs







Objective #3

 Propose next steps in development of a set of recommendations for key diet and eating practices







Proposed Outcomes

- Summary of characteristics and issues related to key diet and eating practices for strengthening policies and programs, and
- Summary of **next steps** for the development of recommendations for adolescents and WRA.









Quick Glance at Current, Complementary Work

- FAO/FANTA Minimum Dietary Diversity –
 Women (MDD-W), July 2014
- Adolescent policy/program review, April 2015
 Save the Children
- International Summit on the Nutrition of Adolescent Girls and Young Women, Oregon, May, 2015







Minimum Dietary Diversity – Women (MDD-W)

FAO and the FANTA convened a consensus meeting in July 2014:

- Proxy indicator for global use in assessing the micronutrient adequacy of women's diets
- Reflects consumption of at least five of ten food groups
- Provides a new tool for assessment, targetsetting, and advocacy







Minimum Dietary Diversity – Women (MDD-W)

MDD-W food groups	
1. All starchy staple foods	6. Eggs
2. Beans and peas	7. Vitamin A-rich dark green leafy vegetables
3. Nuts and seeds	8. Other vitamin A-rich vegetables and fruits
4. Dairy	9. Other vegetables
5. Flesh foods	10. Other fruits

Women consuming foods from five or more food groups have a greater likelihood of meeting their micronutrient needs than women consuming foods from fewer food groups.







Adolescent policy/program review: Save the Children - April 2015

Highlights of review - actions to be taken:

- The international community needs to give greater attention to meeting adolescents' nutritional needs.
- SUN country governments should consider the longterm economic /health benefits to be gained from strengthening adolescent nutrition, and prioritize adolescents in policies/practices







Adolescent policy/program review: Save the Children - April 2015

Highlights of review continued:

- A multi-sectoral approach in policy and practice is critical.
- Strategies need to consider the context-specific burdens of malnutrition, including undernutrition, obesity and eating disorders.
- Coordination must be undertaken at the ministerial level, with guidance from the relevant UN organizations, particularly the WHO/UNICEF/UNFPA.







Adolescent policy/program review: Save the Children - April 2015

Highlights of review continued:

- Given the challenges in reaching this demographic group - capitalize on the mechanisms that the multisectoral programs use to reach adolescents.
- Explore social media to provide innovative opportunities for engaging adolescents not receptive to traditional health/nutrition education approaches.
- Critical that the focus on adolescents is translated into practice.







International Summit on the Nutrition of Adolescent Girls and Young Women, Portland, Oregon – May 14-17, 2015

- Host: Moore Institute for Nutrition & Wellness
- Goals: Build new and enduring bridges between nutrition scientists and practitioners.
- Global leaders from > 15 countries will discuss: Research, programmatic and policy recommendations to address gaps in knowledge, food availability/policies/practices







International Summit Cont.

Develop a consensus document highlighting:

- Major gaps in knowledge related to young women and maternal nutrition.
- How food availability and food choices among girls and young women can be improved.
- What international policies /practices would benefit the status of women across the globe and improve their access to nutritious food.

Website: http://www.ohsu.edu/xd/education/schools/school-of-medicine/departments/ the-moore-institute/news-and-media/international-summit.cfm (Oregon Health and Science Institute: The Moore Institute).







Food-Based Dietary Guidelines (FBDGs) Summary Project - TBD

 FAO recently launched an on-line repository of ~100 country FBDGs and associated resources.









FBDGs Summary Project cont.

- FBDG are an attempt to translate a vast (yet incomplete) evidence base regarding relationships between **foods**, **diet patterns**, and **health** into specific and culturally appropriate recommendations.
- Such guidelines are intended to influence consumer behavior and, in some countries, (e.g. the U.S.) to be used to inform a range of national policies and programs.

FBDGs Summary Project cont.

- Since the 1996, many countries and regions have developed their own national guidelines.
- Development of FBDG is a scientific and political process, incorporating a range of evidence and stakeholder perspectives.
- The types of evidence include: assessments of food and nutrient intakes, food supplies, prevalence, public health importance, etc.







FBDGs Summary Project cont.

- Research team has proposed a comprehensive review of the state of these FBDGs.
- One task is to collate "key messages" for some or all FBDGs (beginning with focus on women)
- This review is intended to contribute to development of globally relevant metrics for diet quality.
- Further details related to this and other FBDGs initiatives will be presented in morning panel.







Our 2-Day Program











Technical meeting on the diet and eating practices of adolescent girls and women of reproductive age

> Washington D.C., March 16-17, 2015 Agenda

Monday 16 March 2015

08 h30-09 h00	Coffee & Registration	
09h00-09h30	Welcome	Francisco Becerra Katie Taylor
09h30-09h45	Objectives and Outcomes	Peggy Koniz-Booher
09h45-10h00	Introductions	Anuradha Narayan
10h00-10h30	Presentation: Development of the Guiding Principles for Child Feeding	Chessa Lutter
10 h30-11 h00	Break	
11h00-11h30	Presentation: WHO Evidence-Informed Guideline Development Process	Ludovic Reveiz
11h30-12h30	Panel: Food-Based Dietary Guidelines for Adolescent Girls and WRA	Megan Deitchler Rafael Perez-Escamilla Mary Arimond Ruben Grajeda
12 h30-01 h30	Lunch	
01h30-02h00	Presentation: The Landscape of Nutrition of Adolescent Girls and Women (Paper 1, Section 1)	Laura Caulfield
02h00-02h45	Facilitated Discussion: Key Nutrition Problems and Causes	Participants
02h45-03h15	Break	
03h15-03h45	Presentation: Evidence-Based Solutions Within the Continuum of Care (Paper 1, Section 2)	Laura Caulfield
03h45-05h15	Facilitated Discussion: Key Diet and Eating Practices of Adolescent Girls and WRA	Participants
05h15-05h30	Wrap up	Anuradha Narayan
06 h30-08 h30	Dinner	











Technical meeting on the diet and eating practices of adolescent girls and women of reproductive age

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Tuesday 17 March 2015

08 h30-09 h00	Coffee	
09h00-09h15	Recap of Day 1	Anuradha Narayar
09h15-09h45	Presentation: Programmatic Experiences and Platforms for Promoting Key Diet and Eating Practices (Paper 2)	Sascha Lamstein
09h45-10h30	Facilitated Discussion: Identify Settings, Platforms, and Strategies to Reach Each Target Group	Participants
10 h30-11 h00	Break	
11h00-12h30	Facilitated Discussion: Prioritize and Group Key Diet and Eating Practices for Adolescent Girls and WRA	Participants
12 h30-01 h30	Lunch	
01h30-02h30	Consensus Building Around Process	Participants
02h30-03h00	Closing Remarks	







Our 3 objectives and expectations for your active engagement

- Review insights and lessons learned from the 2 discussion papers/identify gaps (Participants)
- Identify characteristics and issues related to key diet and eating practices for strengthening policies and programs/identify gaps (Participants)
- Propose next steps in development of a set of recommendations for key diet and eating practices/identify gaps (Participants)













Thank you











