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For additional presentations and related event materials, visit: http://spring-nutrition.org/agnglee-lac
Western Highlands Integrated Program (WHIP) Evaluation

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33 Target Municipalities of WHIP
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(1.4m people)
Health (1.4m people)

RVCP + Health (150,000 people)
Farmers Association

RVC Households

Indirect RVC Households
Health (1.4m people)

RVCP + Health (150,000 people)

FFP + Health* (300,000 people)

* In 18 of 21 FFP Municipalities
FTF INDICATORS

• Underweight and stunting among children under 5
• Households with moderate/severe hunger
• Maternal and child diet
• Maternal and child anemia
• Exclusive breastfeeding
• Women’s Empowerment in Agriculture Index (WEAI)
GHI INDICATORS

- Contraceptive prevalence
- Skilled birth attendance and antenatal care
- Percent of first births under age 18
- Appropriate care for pneumonia and diarrhea
- Childhood vaccination
PURPOSE AND TIMELINE

1. Monitor key population-level indicators over time

2. Identify what outcomes can be attributed to the WHIP interventions

2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

Baseline Follow-up 1 Follow-up 2

Treatment

Comparison
QUESTIONNAIRES

- Household
- Community
- Health Service Delivery Points
EVALUATION HYPOTHESES

1. Integration is more effective than a single program
   - Impact of health and nutrition
   - Impact of RVC plus health and nutrition
   - Differences between groups

2. RVC has impact beyond direct participants
   - Impact of RVC on direct participants
   - Impact of RVC on indirect participants
   - Differences between groups
FURTHER ANALYSIS

• Household decision making
• Women’s empowerment and other health and nutrition outcomes
• Community context and household practices
• Positive deviance