

Comments Relating the Experience of Thailand in Multi-sectoral Nutrition

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Central



Provincial



District



**Problem
identification**

**Analysis of
causes and
resources**

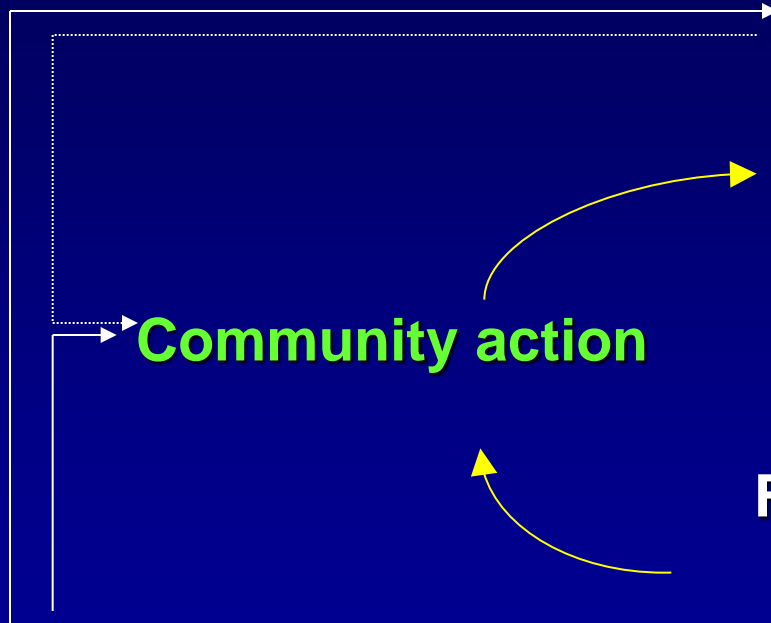
**Formulating
action plan**

**Village development
plan**

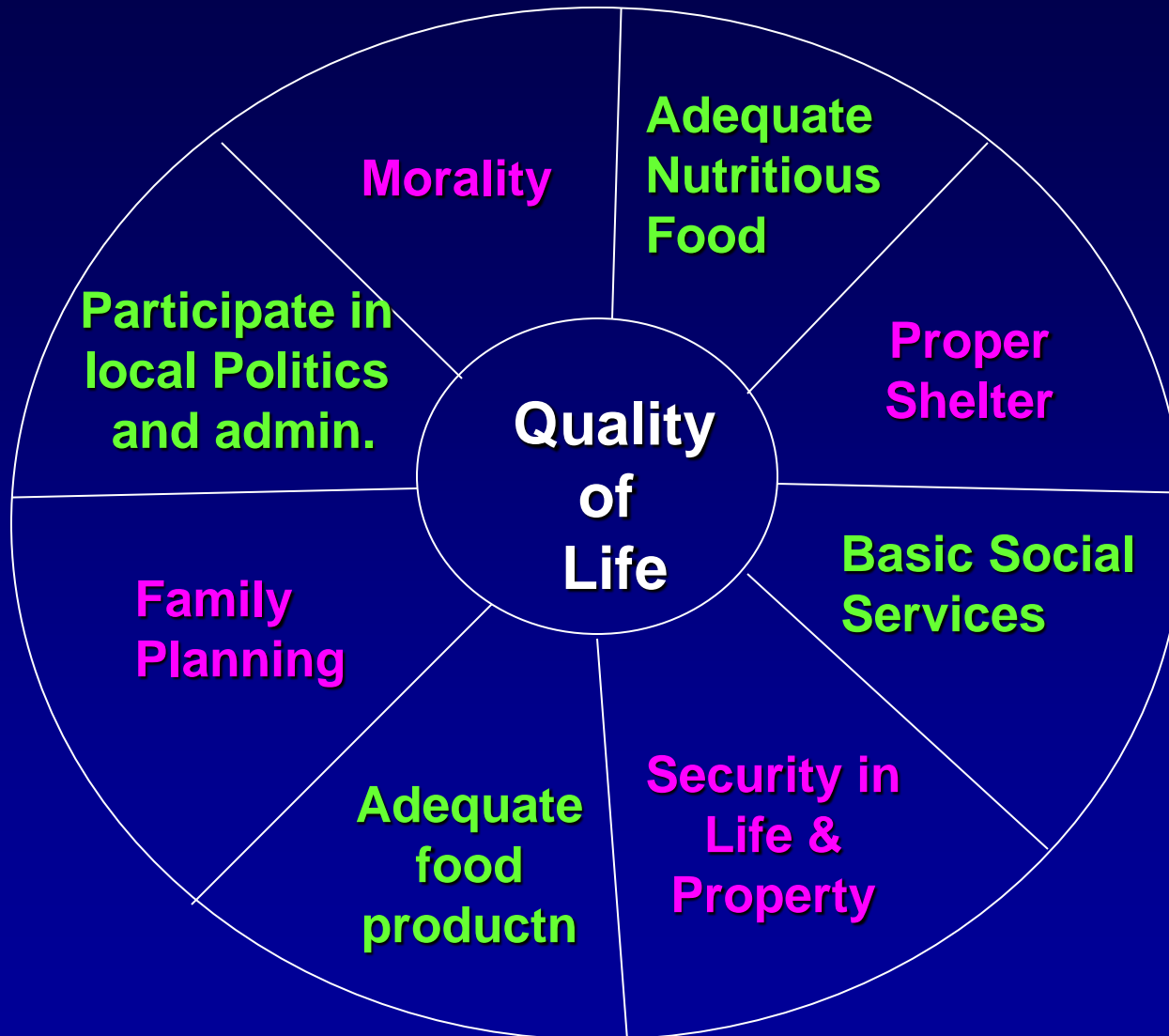
BMN

Community action

**Subdistrict
(tambol) council**



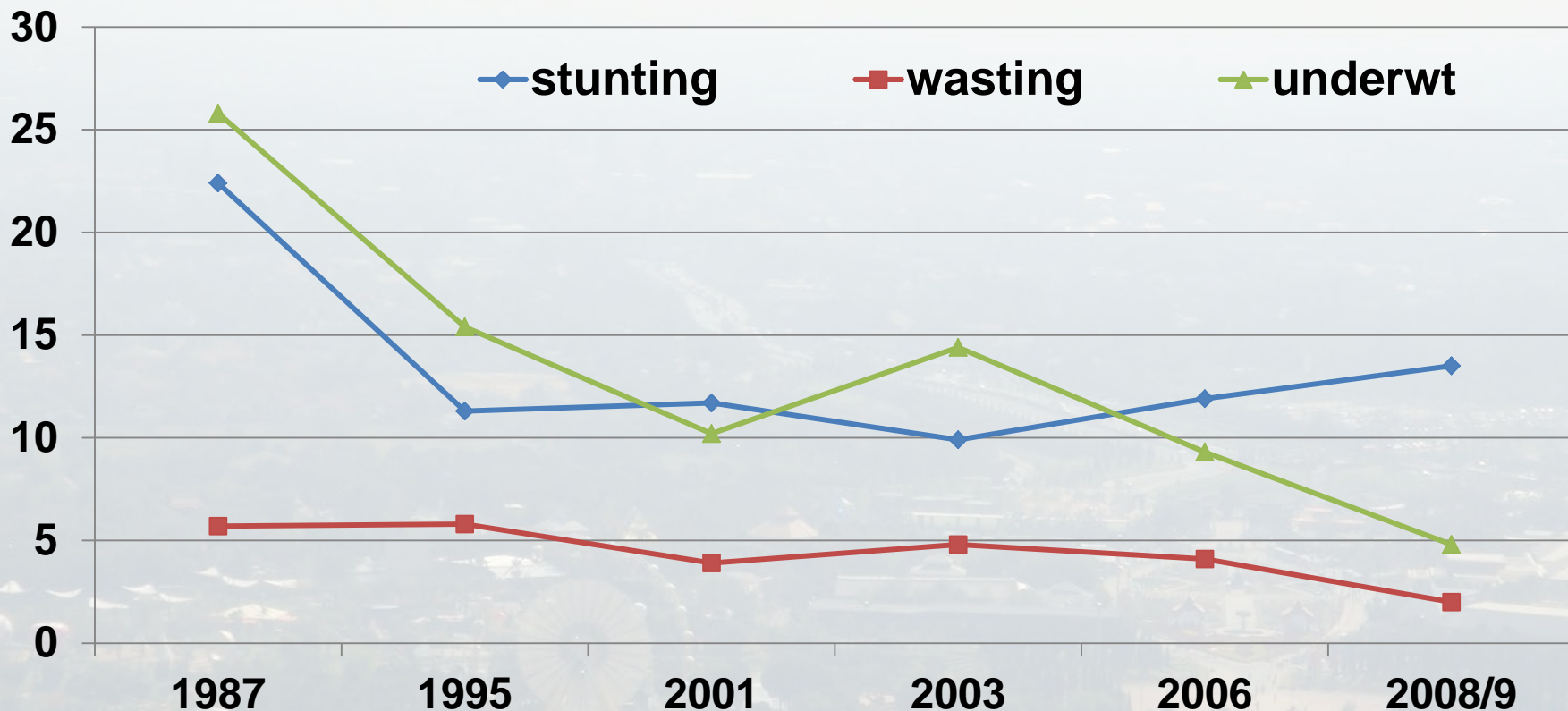
Strengthen multi-sectoral interventions at the community level: From PHC to BMN



Basic Minimum Need (BMN) Approach



Trend in nutritional status among Thai underfive children from national surveys

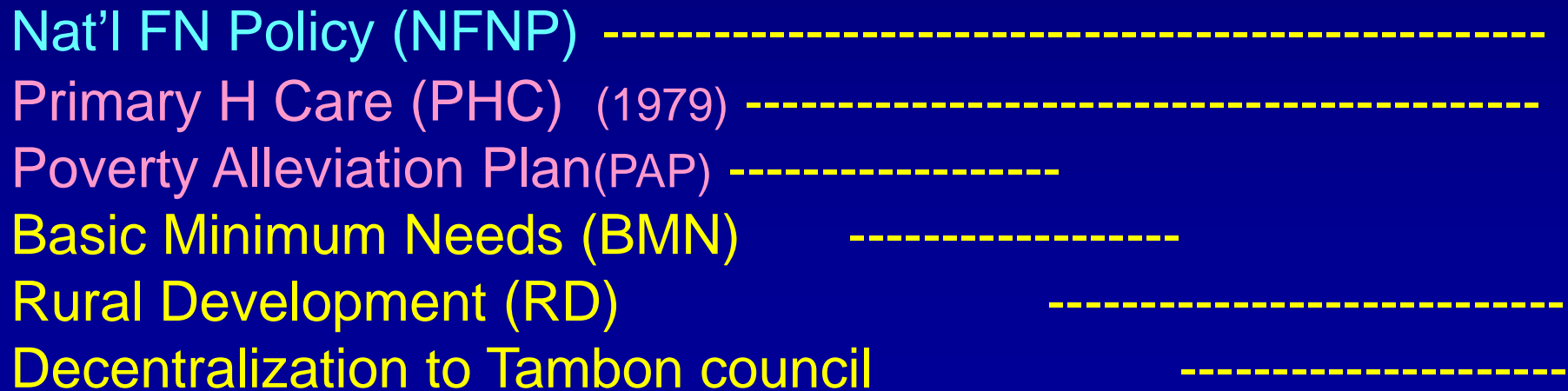
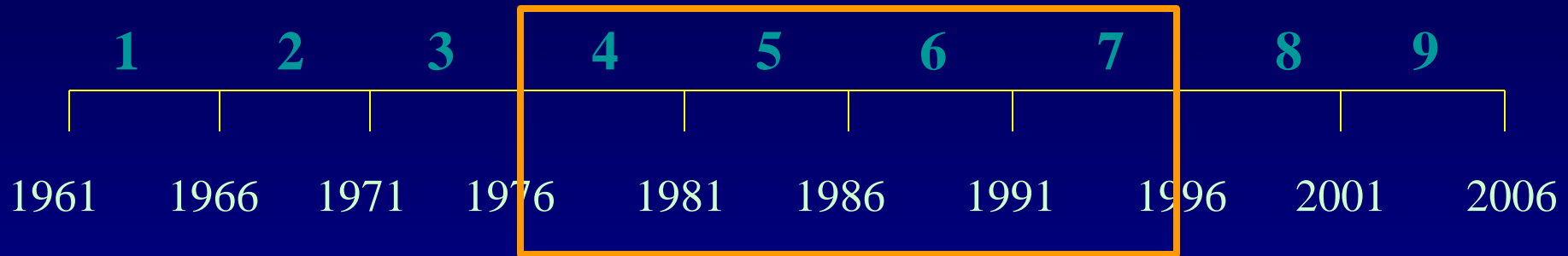


- Underfive MN rates declined substantially since mid 1980s due to strong community-based program
- While wasting and underwt declined further, stunting remains ~10-14%



Time Frame of the national food and nutrition plans and related policies (1961 - 2006)

National Economic & Social Development Plan (NESDP)



Low income country -----<--> Rapid economic development: ----->
nutrition transition

PEM
& Clinical micronutrient
deficiencies

Obesity & NCD

Stunting 8-10% & sub-clinical micronutrient
deficiency

4th NESDP 5th NESDP 6th NESDP 7th NESDP 8th NESDP 9th NESDP 10th NESDP 11th NESDP

1960 1977 1982 1987 1992 1997* 2002 2007 2009 2012

Multisectoral FNP -----> sustainability ----->

----->
----->

Community-
based model
dev & op. res

PHC
PAP

BMN

----->
----->
Decentralization ----->

Obesity
& NCD in
10th NESDP

Scale-up CBP

-----> Fd based intervention
(including fortification) ----->

The Job Isn't Done

- Enjoy the successes
- Keeping in mind there could be new challenges
- Thailand now facing double burden
- May (or may not) need totally new framework
- We are all still learning