WEBINAR OUTLINE

1) Importance of multi-sectoral coordination and collaboration
2) Background on SPRING’s work
3) Overview of three countries’ approaches
4) Experiences from Rwanda and Bangladesh
5) Q&A
WHY COORDINATION/COLLABORATION?

- reduce costs
- avoid duplication
- achieve better results
- leverage resources
- create synergies

- more creativity
- clarify roles
- build on others' knowledge
- build on others' knowledge
- capitalize on combined strengths
- generate knowledge
- learn from others
BACKGROUND ON SPRING’S WORK

Review of three mission approaches to coordinating their nutrition, health, and agriculture investments

• What are the motivations behind multi-sectoral coordination and collaboration?

• What are the largest barriers and how have they been addressed?

• How can we measure effectiveness of coordination and collaboration plans?
SPRING’S PROCESS

• Performed document review
• Conducted key informant interviews with 52 activities and Mission staff across multiple offices
• Provided Mission TA
• Document key findings in a larger technical brief
MISSION-LEVEL COORDINATION AND COLLABORATION ACROSS 3 CONTINENTS

- **Guatemala**
  - WHIP est. 2011
  - Co-locating ~19 activities in 5 departments
  - All USAID sectors - health, nutrition, agriculture, gender, governance, environment, education

- **Rwanda**
  - Chain est. 2014
  - 23 activities across Rwanda
  - Nutrition and community health

- **Bangladesh**
  - Ag-Nut Linkages Group est. 2013
  - 12 activities
  - Agriculture, nutrition, and food security
THE “COORDINATION AND COLLABORATION LIFE CYCLE”

- Design
- Monitor
- Implement
- Learning & Adapting
Thank you!